Supplementary material

Supplementary Table 1. Factors affecting the good attitude of participants towards PIFP.

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| Disagreeing that (PIFP) is a serious health issue | *p*-value | OR (CI) |
| Gender (female *vs.* male) | (Female)30.9% | (Male)45.9% | 0.029 | 0.53(0.37, 0.76) |
| Marital status (married *vs.* others) | (Married)33.33% | (Other)38.41% | 0.482 | 0.80(0.48, 1.35) |
| Nationality (Saudi *vs.* non-Saudi) | (Saudi)37.08% | (Non-Saudi)16.67% | 0.001 | 2.97(1.96, 4.51) |
| Age (below 30 *vs.* 30 and above) | (Below 30)35.34% | (Above 30)36.76% | 0.768 | 0.93(0.65, 1.34) |
| Level of education (high school degree and below *vs.* Bachelor’s degree or above) | (High school and below)35.21% | (Bachelor’s degree or above)36.46% | 0.968 | 1.06(0.60, 1.87) |
| Occupational sector (healthcare *vs.* other) | (Healthcare)40.82% | (Other)34.98% | 0.550 | 1.28(0.68, 2.43) |
| Disagreeing that the first reaction when experiencing such pain is to consult a clinician | *p*-value | OR (CI) |
| Gender (female *vs.* male) | (Female)15.8% | (Male)18.8% | 0.576 | 1.28(0.76, 2.15) |
| Marital status (married *vs.* others) | (Married)14.04% | (Other)18.84% | 0.340 | 0.65(0.38, 1.10) |
| Nationality (Saudi *vs.* non-Saudi) | (Saudi)17.08% | (Non-Saudi)8.33% | 0.054 | 2.58(1.42, 4.69) |
| Age (below 30 *vs.* 30 and above) | (Below 30)17.24% | (Above 30)16.18% | 0.848 | 1.07(0.64, 1.81) |
| Level of education (high school degree and below *vs.* Bachelor’s degree or above) | (High school and below)26.76% | (Bachelor’s degree or above)12.71% | 0.012 | 0.40(0.20, 0.79) |
| Occupational sector (healthcare *vs.* other) | (Healthcare)12.24% | (Other)17.73% | 0.477 | 0.65(0.26, 1.64) |
| Disagreeing that PIFP is prominent in a specific ethnicity | *p*-value | OR (CI) |
| Gender (female *vs.* male) | (Female)32.7% | (Male)34.1% | 0.961 | 0.932(0.644, 1.347) |
| Marital status (married *vs.* others) | (Married)29.82% | (Other)36.96% | 0.290 | 0.73(0.43, 1.23) |
| Nationality (Saudi *vs.* non-Saudi) | (Saudi)33.75% | (Non-Saudi)33.33% | 0.880 | 1.018(0.704, 1.471) |
| Age (below 30 *vs.* 30 and above) | (Below 30)35.34% | (Above 30)29.41% | 0.363 | 1.089(0.683, 1.735) |
| Level of education (high school degree and below *vs.* Bachelor’s degree or above) | (High school and below)33.80% | (Bachelor’s degree or above)33.70% | 1.000 | 0.99(0.56, 1.78) |
| Occupational sector (healthcare *vs.* other) | (Healthcare)38.78% | (Other)32.51% | 0.507 | 1.31(0.69, 2.51) |
| Disagreeing that PIFP might interfere with eating, concentrating, speaking and laughing | *p*-value | OR (CI) |
| Gender (female *vs.* male) | (Female)57.6% | (Male)61.2% | 0.666 | 0.88(0.53, 1.45) |
| Marital status (married *vs.* others) | (Married)60.53% | (Other)57.25% | 0.691 | 1.15(0.69, 1.90) |
| Nationality (Saudi *vs.* non-Saudi) | (Saudi)58.75% | (Non-Saudi)41.25% | 0.008 | 2.01(1.22, 3.32) |
| Age (below 30 *vs.* 30 and above) | (Below 30)57.76% | (Above 30)59.56% | 0.773 | 0.94(0.57, 1.54) |
| Level of education (high school degree and below *vs.* Bachelor’s degree or above) | (High school and below)61.97% | (Bachelor’s degree or above)57.46% | 0.608 | 0.83(0.47, 1.45) |
| Occupational sector (healthcare *vs.* other) | (Healthcare)48.98% | (Other)61.08% | 0.167 | 0.61(0.33, 1.15) |
| Disagreeing that PIFP is best described as chronic discomfort that is initially localised but may later extend to other areas. It cannot be ascribed to any underlying cause. | *p*-value | OR (CI) |
| Gender (female *vs.* male) | (Female)4.2% | (Male)1.00% | 0.174 | 5.16(0.59, 44.84) |
| Marital status (married *vs.* others) | (Married)5.80% | (Other)94.20% | 0.024 | 0.004(0.0014, 0.0112) |
| Nationality (Saudi *vs.* non-Saudi) | (Saudi)3.33% | (Non-Saudi)1.00% | 0.312 | 4.10(0.45, 37.18) |
| Age (below 30 *vs.* 30 and above) | (Below 30)1.86% | (Above 30)5.15% | 0.248 | 0.320.06 to 1.63 |
| Level of education (high school degree and below *vs.* Bachelor’s degree or above) | (High school and below)1.41% | (Bachelor’s degree or above)3.87% | 0.547 | 2.82(0.34, 23.31) |
| Occupational sector (healthcare *vs.* other) | (Healthcare)10.20% | (Other)1.48% | 0.0075 | 7.58(1.75, 32.89) |
| Disagreeing that the best source of information on PIFP is hospital brochures and public health sources | *p*-value | OR (CI) |
| Gender (female *vs.* male) | (Female)25.5% | (Male)20.0% | 0.313 | 1.37(0.76, 2.49) |
| Marital status (married *vs.* others) | (Married)26.32% | (Other)21.74% | 0.484 | 1.29(0.72, 2.30) |
| Nationality (Saudi *vs.* non-Saudi) | (Saudi)24.17% | (Non-Saudi)16.67% | 0.220 | 1.56(0.84, 2.91) |
| Age (below 30 *vs.* 30 and above) | (Below 30)17.24% | (Above 30)26.01% | 0.121 | 0.56(0.31, 1.04) |
| Level of education (high school degree and below *vs.* Bachelor’s degree or above) | (High school and below)19.72% | (Bachelor’s degree or above)25.41% | 0.429 | 1.39(0.71, 2.72) |
| Occupational sector (healthcare *vs.* other) | (Healthcare)30.61% | (Other)22.17% | 0.290 | 1.55(0.78, 3.09) |
| Disagreeing that on a scale of 1 to 10, the level of PIFP that can decrease quality of life is above 5 (10 being the most influential) | *p*-value | OR (CI) |
| Gender (female *vs.* male) | (Female)21.2% | (Male)28.2% | 0.267 | 0.68(0.38, 1.21) |
| Marital status (married *vs.* others) | (Married)30.70% | (Other)18.12% | 0.029 | 1.93(1.07, 3.48) |
| Nationality (Saudi *vs.* non-Saudi) | (Saudi)24.17% | (Non-Saudi)16.67% | 0.220 | 1.56(0.84, 2.91) |
| Age (below 30 *vs.* 30 and above) | (Below 30)25.86% | (Above 30)22.06% | 0.507 | 1.19(0.67, 2.13) |
| Level of education (high school degree and below *vs.* Bachelor’s degree or above) | (High school and below)29.58% | (Bachelor’s degree or above)21.55% | 0.237 | 0.65(0.35, 1.22) |
| Occupational sector (healthcare *vs.* other) | (Healthcare)26.53% | (Other)23.15% | 0.755 | 1.20(0.59, 2.45) |

PIFP: Peripheral idiopathic Facial Pain; OR: Odd Ratio; CI: Confidence Interval.